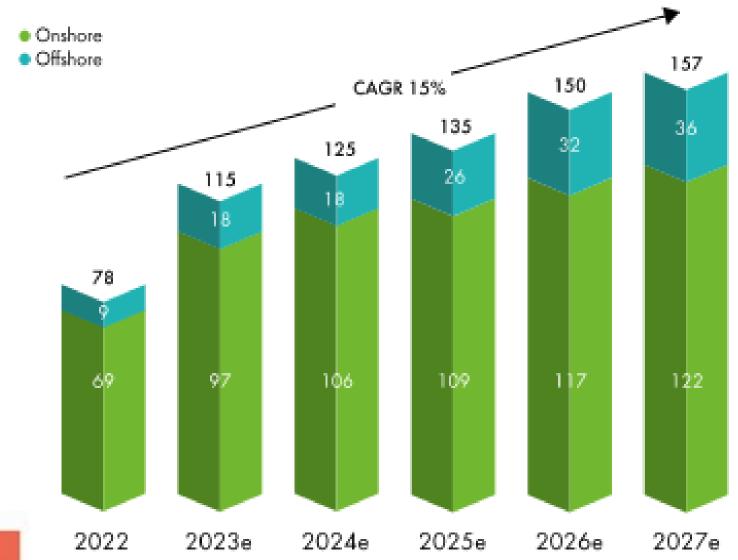




Market Overview

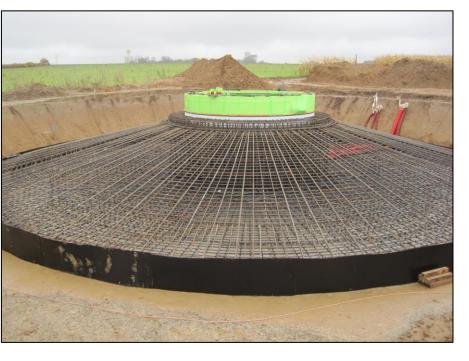
New installations outlook 2022-2026 (GW)





Wind Turbine Foundations:

Status Quo.

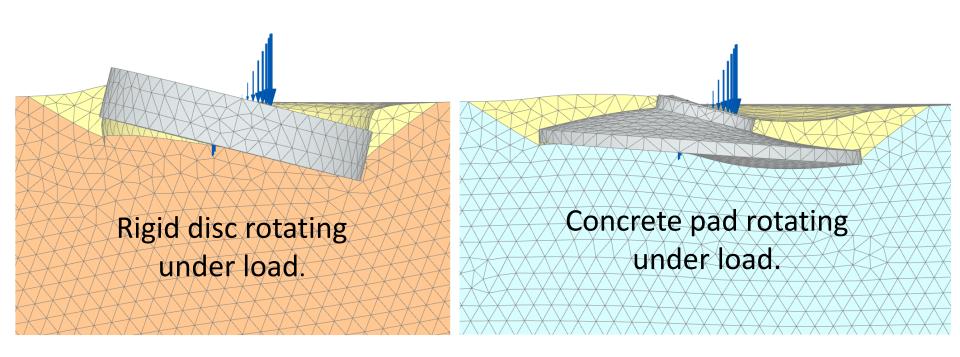




Mass Gravity Concrete Pads



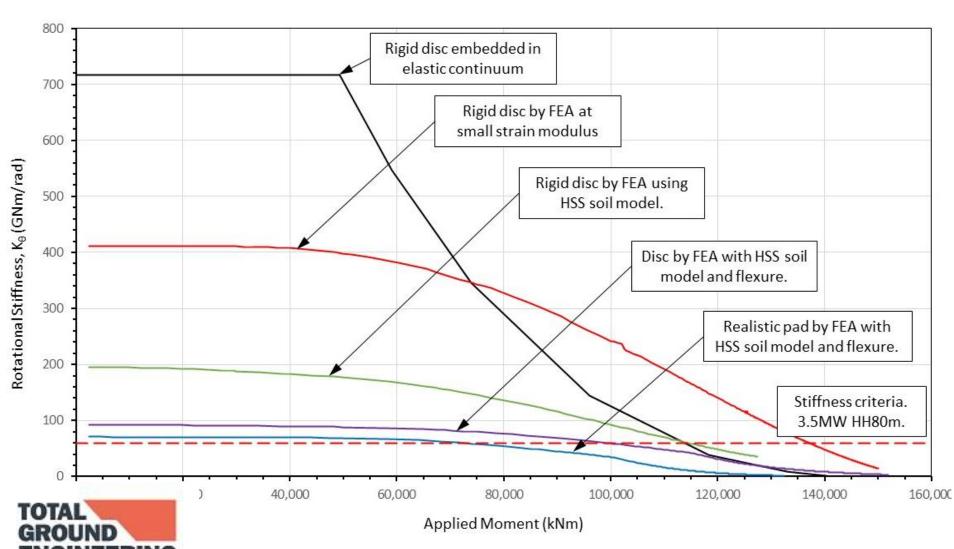
Rotational Stiffness



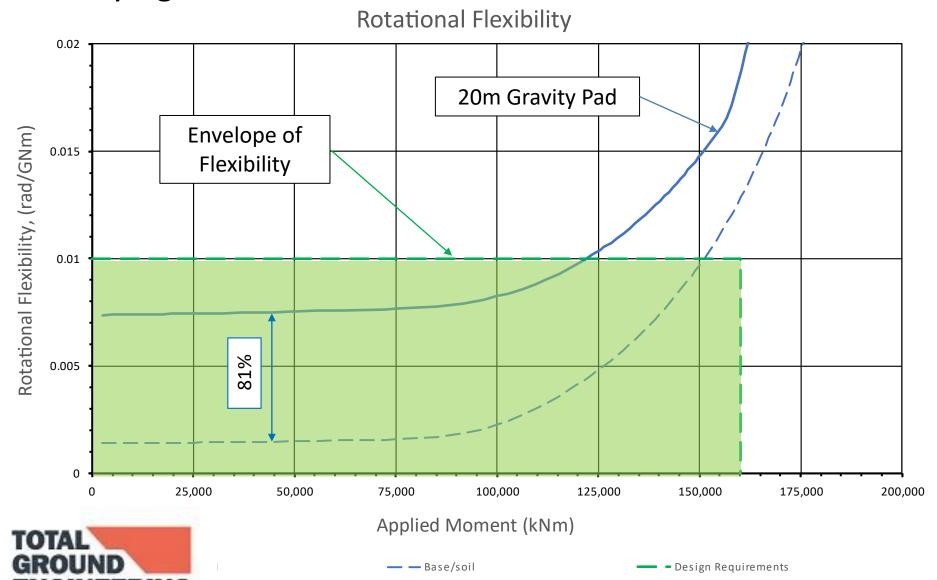


Analysis of Rotational Stiffness

16m Diameter pad. Progression of analyses from rudimentary to more complex and realistic.



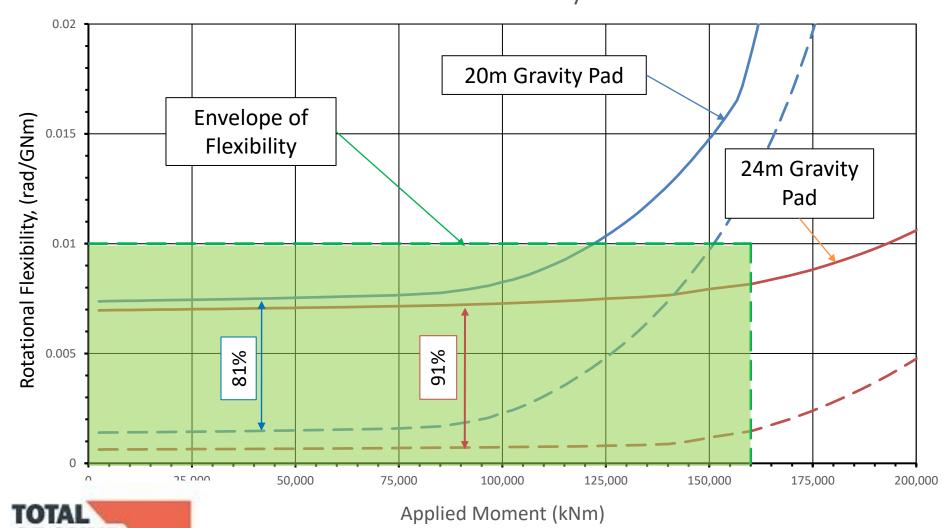
Quantifying Flexure 1



Quantifying Flexure 2

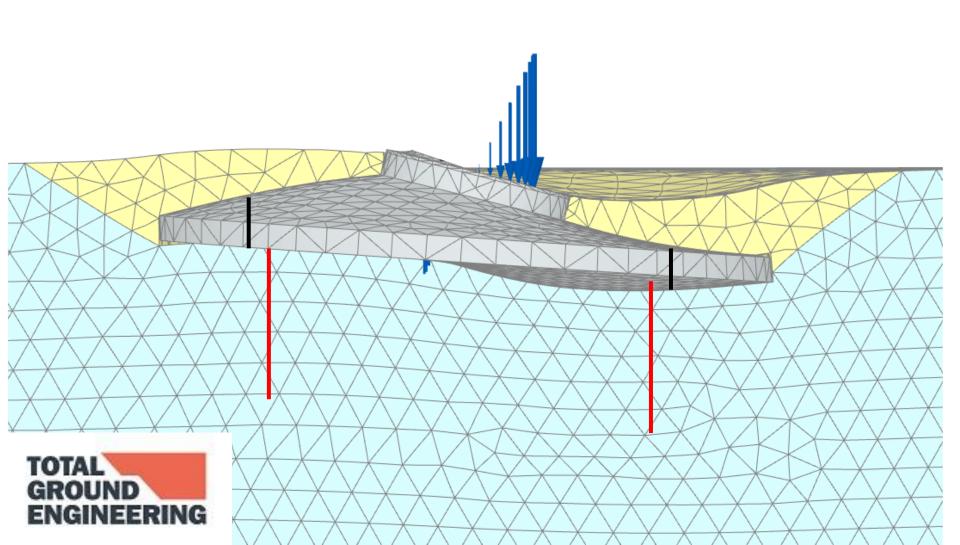
ENGINEERING

Rotational Flexibility



Micropile Foundations:

Conceptual benefits of a pile group



Micropile Foundations: Limitations on Pile Design

DNV GL Guidelines cl 7.6.3.3

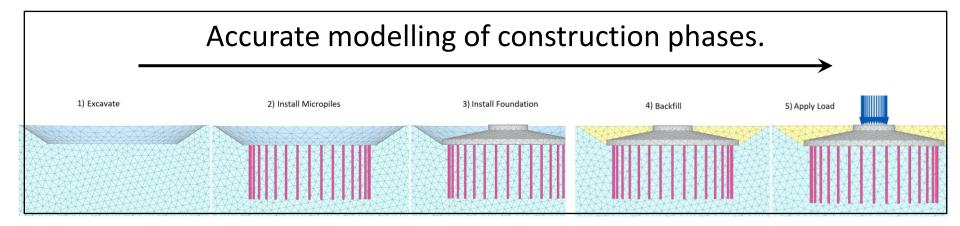
International Energy Commission EIC61400-6 Guidelines, cl 8.6.4.4

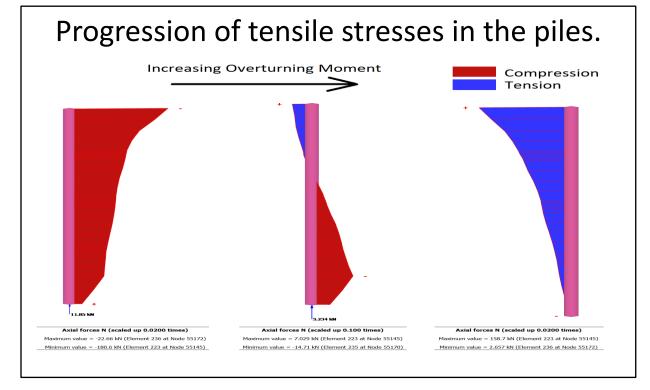
Vestas Design Specification. Cl 5.1.1



Micropile foundations:

Robust FEA

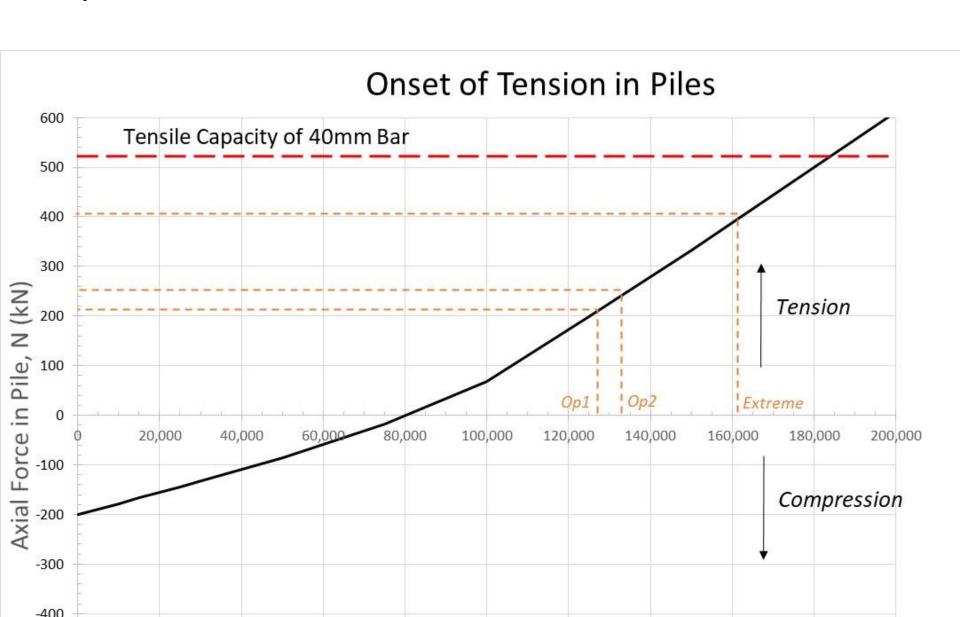






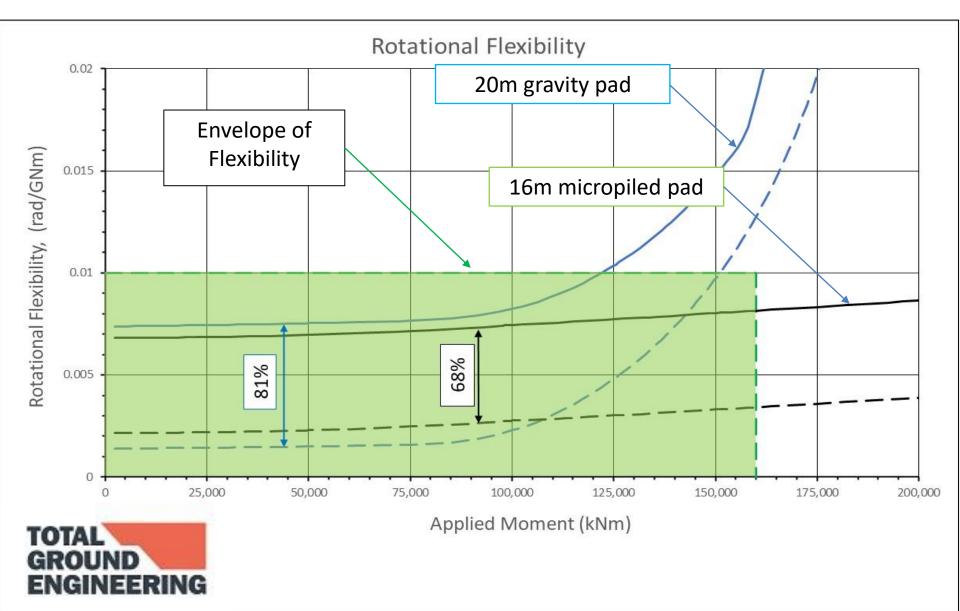
Micropile foundations:

Delayed onset of tension



Micropile v Gravity Foundations:

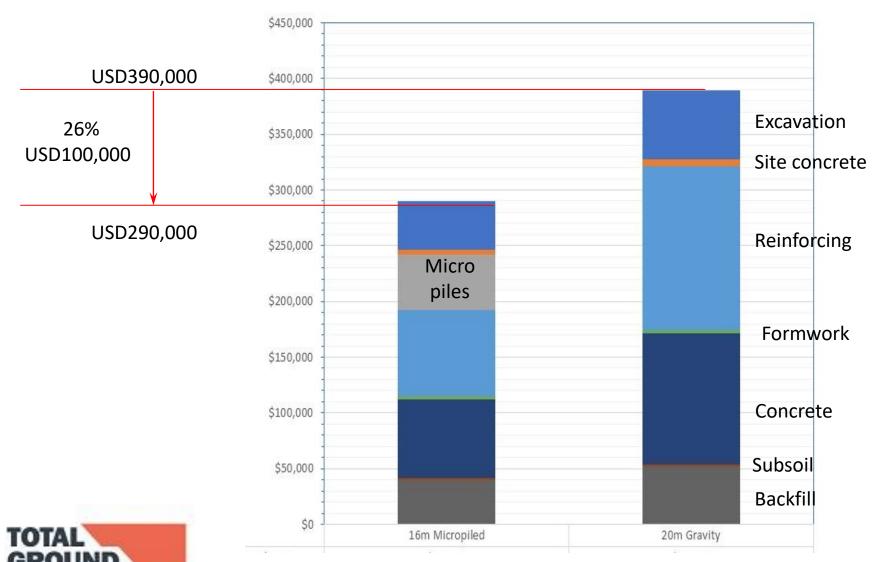
Quantifying Flexure



Micropile v Gravity Foundations:

Cost Comparison

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Market Overview Revisited:

Value Proposition

6,300 turbines installed per annum by 2027.



x \$390,000 per gravity pad = CAPEX of \$2,500,000,000.



-26% (\$100,000 per micropiled pad) = Saving of \$630,000,000.



Market Opportunity

6,300 turbines installed per annum by 2027.



26% of 2,500,000,000 = Saving of \$630,000,000.

16 to 24 micropiles at 26ft each = 2,600,000ft to 3,900,000ft of micropiles

